

www.jcp.org

www.cpstandards.org

JSR-331

Constraint Programming API

Early Draft Review

Jacob Feldman

Cork Constraint Computation Centre
University College Cork
Cork, Ireland
j.feldman@4c.ucc.ie

Narendra Jussien

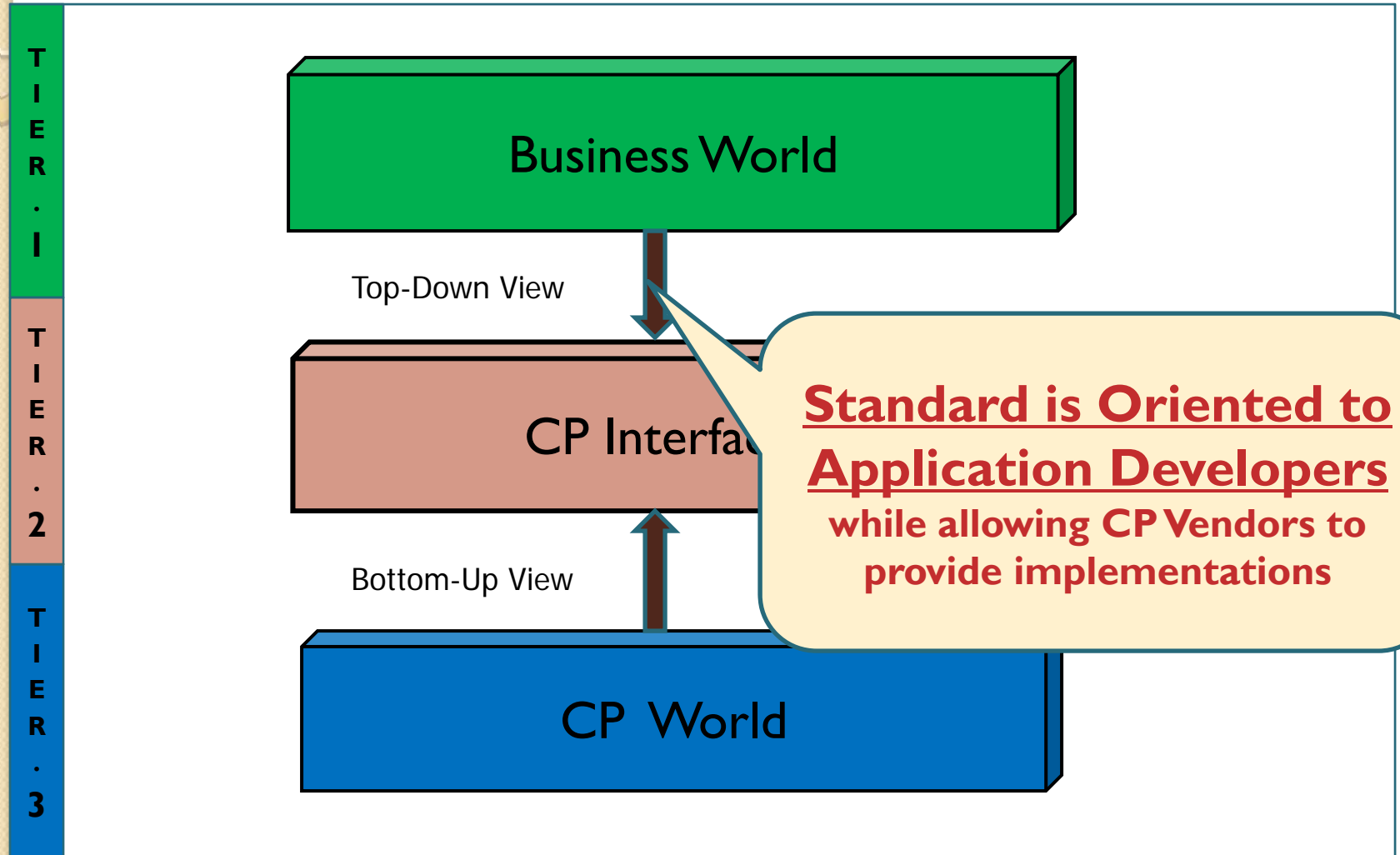
Computer Science Department
Ecole des Mines de Nantes
Nantes, France
narendra.jussien@emn.fr

June 15, 2010

JSR-331 – Java Specification Request

- Java Constraint Programming API under the roof of the Java Community Process (JCP)
www.jcp.org
- We present key concepts and design decisions related to the proposed standard for representation and resolution of constraint satisfaction and optimization problems
- JSR-331 Early Draft is now available for public review at www.cpstandards.org
- Everybody comments are welcome

CP Standardization Perspective

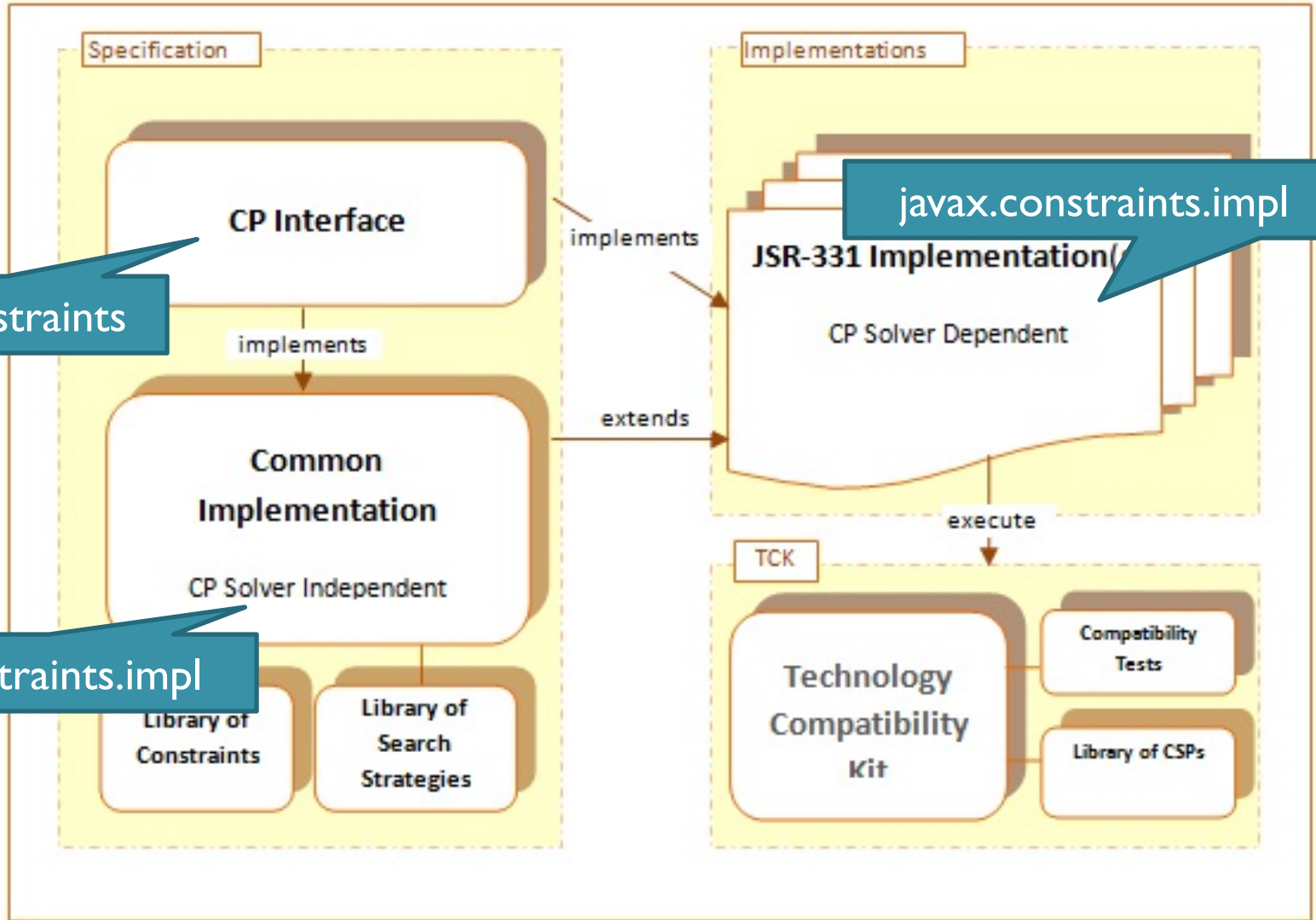


Key Objectives

- Make CP more accessible for business software developers
- Allow a Java business application developer to easily switch between different solver implementations without any changes in the application code
- Assist CP vendors in creating practical and efficient JSR-331 implementations

Start with Java and surrounding languages (Scala, Groovy, Clojure,...)

JSR-331 Architecture



javax.constraints

javax.constraints.impl

javax.constraints.impl

JSR-331 interfaces “javax.constraints”

- Only 6 major CP concepts:
 - Problem
 - ConstrainedVariable
 - Constraint
 - Solver
 - SearchStrategy
 - Solution

Simple Example (Problem Definition)

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    //==== PROBLEM DEFINITION =====
    Problem p = new Problem("Test");
    //===== Define variables
    Var x = p.var("X",1,10);
    Var y = p.var("Y",1,10);
    Var z = p.var("Z",1,10);
    Var r = p.var("R",1,10);
    Var[] vars = { x, y, z, r };
    //===== Define and post constraints
    try {
        // X < Y
        x.lt(y).post();

        // X + Y = Z
        x.add(y).eq(z).post();
        // or p.linear(new Var[]{x,y}, Oper.EQ, z).post();

        p.allDifferent(vars).post();

        // 3x + 4y -7z + 2r > 0
        int[] coef1 = { 3, 4, -7, 2 };
        p.linear(coef1,vars, Oper.GT, 0).post();

        // x + y + z + r >= 15
        p.linear(vars, Oper.GE, 15).post();

        // 2x - 4y + 5z - r > x*y
        int[] coef2 = { 2, -4, 5, -1 };
        p.linear(coef2,vars, Oper.GT, x.mul(y)).post();

    } catch (Exception e) {
        p.log("Error posting constraints: " + e);
        System.exit(-1);
    }
}

```

Simple Example (Problem Resolution)

```
//=== PROBLEM RESOLUTION =====
```

```
p.log("=== Find One Solution:");  
Solver solver = p.getSolver();  
Solution solution = solver.findSolution();  
if (solution != null)  
    solution.log();  
else  
    p.log("No Solution");  
solver.logStats();
```

```
=== Find One Solution:  
Solution #1: X[2] Y[3] Z[5] R[9]  
*** Execution Profile ***  
Number of Choice Points: 5  
Number of Failures: 3  
Occupied memory: 683448  
Execution time: 31 msec
```


Problem Definition

- **Problem** – a factory and a placeholder for all other objects
- **ConstrainedVariable** – a base class for:
 - Var
 - VarBool
 - VarReal
 - VarSet
 - Common associated concepts:
 - name, impl, business object, #of constraints,...
- **Constraint**

Var – constrained integer variables

- Getters: `getMin()`, `getMax()`, `getValue()`,...
- But no setters, instead:
 - `var.le(25).post();`

- Creation:

```
Var x = problem.var("X",1,10);
```

```
int[] domain = new int[] {1,2,4,7,9};
```

```
Var var = problem.var("A", domain);
```

```
Var[] vars = problem.varArray("A", 0, 10, 100);
```

- Domain type

```
public enum DomainType {  
    DOMAIN_SMALL,  
    DOMAIN_MIN_MAX,  
    DOMAIN_SPARSE,  
    DOMAIN_OTHER  
}
```

Constraint: common methods

- Constraint **and**(Constraint c)
- Constraint **or**(Constraint c)
- Constraint **negation**()
- Constraint **implies**(Constraint c)

- VarBool a

- void **post**

- void **post**

```
// green bin can contain plastic, wood, copper
c1 = pb.linear(type, Oper.EQ, green);
c2 = pb.linear(counts[glass], Oper.EQ, 0);
c3 = pb.linear(counts[steel], Oper.EQ, 0);
c1.implies( c2.and(c3) ).post();
```

Constraints: examples

```
try {  
    x.It(y).post();  
    p.allDifferent(vars).post();  
    int[] coefl = { 3, 4, -7, 2 };  
    p.linear(coefl, vars, Oper.GT, 0).post();  
  
} catch (Exception e) {  
    p.log("Error posting constraint: " + e);  
}
```

Constraints

- Currently Included:
 - All Basic
 - Linear
 - AllDifferent
 - Element
 - Cardinality
 - GlobalCardinality
- Under Consideration:
 - “regular”, “diffn”, “cumulative”, ...

User-Defined Constraints

- Combinations of predefined constraints
- New sub-classes of Constraint
- Controversial Concepts (postponed):
 - Propagators
 - PropagationEvent

Problem Resolution

- **Solver** – a factory and a placeholder for search related objects
- **Search Methods**
 - Find One Solution
 - Find Optimal Solution
 - Iterate through solutions within user-defined limits
- **SearchStrategy**
 - The default strategy and implementation strategies
 - Variable and Value Selectors
- **Solution**

Search Strategies

- For now only one search strategy is required:

```
SearchStrategy strategy = solver.getSearchStrategy();
```

```
strategy.setVarSelectorType(VarSelectorType.MIN_DOMAIN_MIN_VALUE);
```

- **Solver-specific strategies are listed** (but not required):
 - `RestartSearchStrategy(RestartFunction)`
 - `BoundedBacktrackingSearchStrategy(Steps)`
 - `LimitedDiscrepancySearchStrategy(Disc)`
 - `CreditBasedSearchStrategy(InitialCredit, CreditFunction, Steps)`
 - `DepthBoundedSearchStrategy(Level, Steps)`
 - Other

```
SearchStrategy strategy = new BoundBacktrackingSearchStrategy(100); //steps
```

```
solver.setSearchStrategy(strategy);
```


Common Implementation Package “`javax.constraints.impl.search`”

- Provides default implementations for:
 - `solutionIterator()`
 - `findSolution(...)`
 - `findOptimalSolution(...)`
 - `findAllSolutions(...)`
 - Most Variable and Value Selectors
 - The only abstract method is:

```
abstract public Solution findSolution(ProblemState restoreOrNot);
```

Queens Example (definition)

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    //===== Problem Representation =====
    Problem problem = new Problem("Queens");
    String arg = (args.length < 1) ? "1000" : args[0];
    int size = Integer.parseInt(arg);
    problem.log("Queens " + size);
    // create 3 arrays of variables
    Var[] x = problem.varArray("x", 0, size-1, size);
    Var[] x1 = new Var[size];
    Var[] x2 = new Var[size];
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        x1[i] = x[i].add(i);
        x2[i] = x[i].sub(i);
    }
    // post "all different" constraints
    problem.allDifferent(x).post();
    problem.allDifferent(x1).post();
    problem.allDifferent(x2).post();
}
```

Queens Example (resolution)

```
//===== Problem Resolution =====
```

```
// Find a solution
Solver solver = problem.getSolver();
solver.setTimeLimit(600000); // milliseconds
SearchStrategy strategy = solver.getSearchStrategy();
strategy.setVars(x);
strategy.setVarSelectorType(VarSelectorType.MIN_DOMAIN_MIN_VALUE);
strategy.setValueSelectorType(ValueSelectorType.MIM);
Solution solution = solver.findSolution();
if (solution == null)
    problem.log("no solutions found");
else {
    solution.log();
}
solver.logStats();
}
}
```

Queens 1000

Solution #1: x-0[0] x-1[555] x-2[1] x-3[502] x-4[2] x-5[507] ...

*** Execution Profile ***

Number of Choice Points: 996

Number of Failures: 8

Execution time: 1093 msec

TCK – Technology Compatibility Kit

- **org.jcp.jsr331.tests**
 - JUnit tests Unit tests with asserts for expected results
- **org.jcp.jsr331.samples**
 - A library of well-known CSPs implemented using a pure JSR-331 API

JSR-331 Implementations

- CP Vendors
 - Support
 - Compromises
- Initial Implementations with open source CP Solvers:
 - Constrainer – available in beta
 - Choco – available in alpha
 - JaCoP – under development
 - Others are welcome

CP Community Support

- Thanks to all contributors!
 - Especially: H.Simonis, M.Z.Lagerkvist, P.Stucky, R.Szymanek, ...
- To do:
 - Add Real and Set variables implementations
 - More global constraints
 - TCK Implementation
 - Integration:
 - LP/MIP tools
 - Vizualizer
 - Adding verticals (e.g. Scheduler, Router,...)
 - Discuss controversial concepts:
 - New custom constraints
 - New custom search strategies (goals)

Appeal

- CP Vendors:

- Contact us to get an SVN access and start your own JSR-331 implementation

- CP Practitioners:

- Contact us to get a working JSR-331 implementation and start using it for your own problems!
- Testers are needed
- Need more constructive critique – comment at www.cpstandards.org Discussion Forum
-